Name: $\qquad$
Date: $\qquad$ Period: $\qquad$

## Packet: Topographic Maps and Profiles

## CLASS NOTES

- Topographic Maps [contour maps] - $\qquad$
- Topographic maps show three-dimensional shapes in two dimensions
- Elevation - $\qquad$
- Benchmark - a marker that has the exact latitude, longitude, and elevation of that position
- Labelled on a map as BM.X.
- Natural Features - $\qquad$
- Examples: mountains, hills, lakes, and rivers
- Cultural Features - $\qquad$
- Examples: roads, cities, buildings, and dams
- Contour Lines - $\qquad$
$\qquad$
- Contour Interval - $\qquad$
- The contour interval is usually found on the map key and legend
- Index Contour - $\qquad$
$\qquad$
- Gentle Slope - when contour lines are spaced $\qquad$ apart
- Steep Slope - when contour lines are spaced $\qquad$ together
- When contour lines cross a river they bend $\qquad$
- Note: rivers flow the opposite direction the contour lines point
- Depression Contours - $\qquad$
- This allows you to distinguish a hill from a hole


## Packet: Topographic Maps and Profiles

Topographic Maps with Terms


- Calculating the Highest Point:

1. $\qquad$
2. $\qquad$
3. $\qquad$

## Packet: Topographic Maps and Profiles

- Topographic Profile - $\qquad$
$\qquad$
- Creating a Topographic Profile:

1. You need $\qquad$ points on a contour map and a horizontal grid between the two points
2. Transfer the points from the map to the horizontal grid
3. Connect the points with a $\qquad$ line to draw a profile

Topographic Profile Example


## Packet: Topographic Maps and Profiles

## PART I QUESTIONS: MULTIPLE CHOICE

Base your answer to questions 1 through 3 on the contour map below. Elevations are shown in meters.


Contour Interval = 20 meters

1. What direction does the Mill River generally flow towards?
a. southwest
b. southeast
c. northeast
d. northwest
2. What is the elevation of point $Z$ ?
a. 240 meters
b. 220 meters
c. 190 meters
d. 250 meters
3. What is the highest contour line represented on the map
a. 220 meters
b. 340 meters
c. 380 meters
d. 400 meters

## Packet: Topographic Maps and Profiles

Base your answer to questions 4 through 6 on the contour map below. Letters A through $G$ represent locations on Earth's surface. Elevations are measured in feet.

4. What direction does the Coe Creek generally flow towards?
a. southwest
b. southeast
c. northeast
d. northwest
5. What is the elevation of point $A$ ?
a. 340 meters
b. 320 meters
c. 300 meters
d. 280 meters
6. What is the gradient between points $X$ and $Y$ ?
a. $20 \mathrm{ft} / \mathrm{mile}$
b. $30 \mathrm{ft} / \mathrm{mile}$
c. $40 \mathrm{ft} / \mathrm{mile}$
d. $50 \mathrm{ft} / \mathrm{miles}$

## Packet: Topographic Maps and Profiles

Base your answers to questions 7 through 9 on the topographic map below and on your knowledge of Earth science. Points A, B, C, and D represent locations on the surface of Earth. Elevations are in feet.

7. What direction does the Red Creek generally flow towards?
a. southwest
b. southeast
c. northeast
d. northwest
8. What is the approximate gradient from point $A$ to point $B$ on the map?
a. $25 \mathrm{ft} / \mathrm{mi}$
b. $50 \mathrm{ft} / \mathrm{mi}$
c. $75 \mathrm{ft} / \mathrm{mi}$
d. $100 \mathrm{ft} / \mathrm{mi}$
9. Which hill has the steepest slope?
a. Amethyst Hill
b. Nasus Hill
c. Coco Hill
d. Law Hill

## Packet: Topographic Maps and Profiles

Base your answers to questions 10 through 12 on the topographic map below and on your knowledge of Earth science. Points A, B, C, and D represent locations on the surface of Earth. Elevations are in feet.

10. In which general direction does Snapper Creek flow?
a. north
b. east
c. south
d. west
11. What is the approximate gradient from point $X$ to point $Y$ on the map?
a. $238 \mathrm{ft} / \mathrm{mi}$
b. $263 \mathrm{ft} / \mathrm{mi}$
c. $294 \mathrm{ft} / \mathrm{mi}$
d. $333 \mathrm{ft} / \mathrm{mi}$
12. What is the maximum elevation at point B ?
a. 3,599 feet
b. 3,699 feet
c. 3,799 feet
d. none of the above

